The State of the Airline Industry

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seo economic research

The State of the Airline Industry

- Summary of "Economic Storm"
- Implications for World Air Transport
- Short Term Outlook for Schiphol Airport

The Economic Storm: world trade

- Worst recession since WO II
- Implication for Aviation ?
- 2009: Decline in trade much stronger than in GDP
- World Trade: -9.75 %, world GDP only slightly negative
- Netherlands: similar trends
 - GDP: -3.5 %
 - Export: -10.75 %
 - Private consumption: -0,25 %
- GDP affects (leisure) passenger traffic
- International trade affects (business) passenger traffic
- International trade (in industrial goods) affects air cargo traffic

The Economic Storm: industrial production

- Industrial Production of exporting Asian countries has large impact on their GDP (and on incoming passenger flows)
- Industrial Production in particular relevant for incoming air cargo to Europe

	Latest figures		GDP growth 2009	
Japan:	- 38 %	(Feb'09)	- 6.5 %	
China:	+ 4%	(Jan-Feb'09)	+ 6.0 %	
Hong Kong	- 10 %	(Q4 '08)	- 5.9 %	
Malaysia	- 20 %	(Jan'09)	- 0.3 %	
Singapore	- 22 %	(Feb'09)	- 7.5 %	
Korea	- 10 %	(Feb'09)	- 5.9 %	
Taiwan	- 27 %	(Feb'09)	- 6.5 %	
Euro Area	- 17 %	(Jan'09)	- 3.4 %	

Source: The Economist, 11 April 2009

Recent Trends in Passenger Traffic



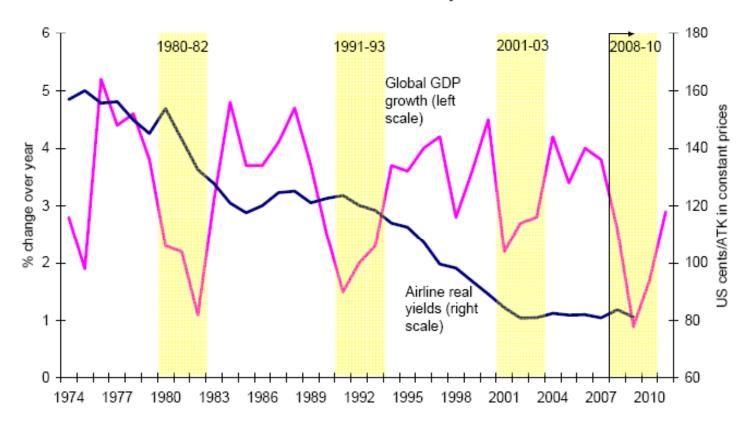
Source: IATA Monthly Traffic Analysis, February 2009

From Cost - to Revenue Management

- Downturn from early 2008
- Until mid-2008:
 - Still no recession
 - Demand reduction by high oil price and fuel costs
 - Emphasis on Cost Management: hedging against further rising oil prices
- Challenges late-2008 / early 2009:
 - Lower oil price, however in some cases still high fuel costs by hedging strategies
 - Deepening recession: additional demand reduction
 - Emphasis on Revenue and Capacity Management

Main Drivers in Passenger Traffic: GDP and Yields

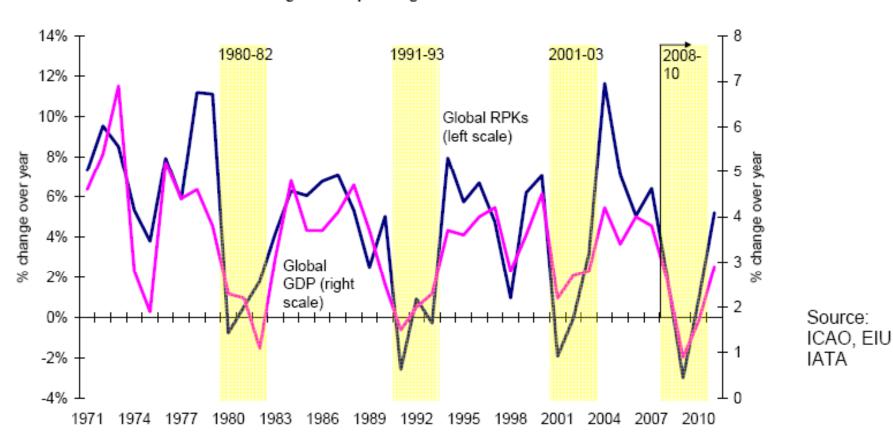
Global GDP and airline real yields



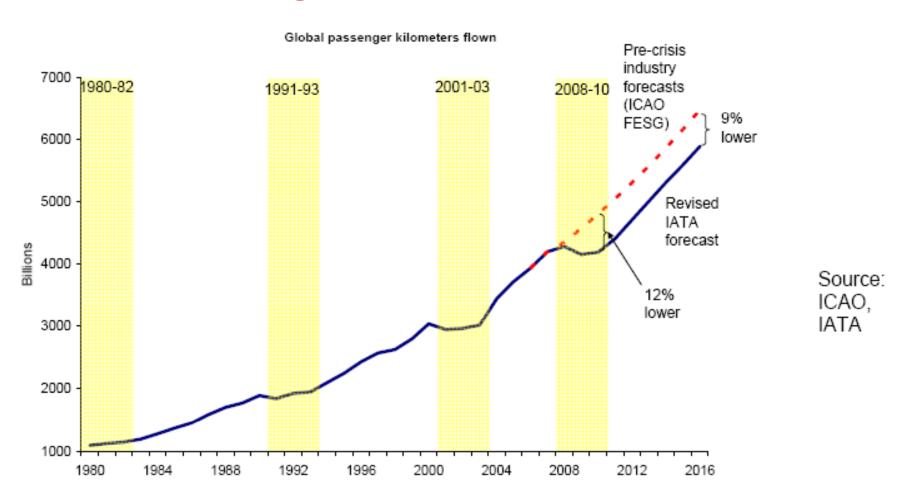
Source: ICAO, EIU, IATA

Main Driver in Passenger Traffic Fluctuations: GDP

Global growth in passenger traffic and GDP

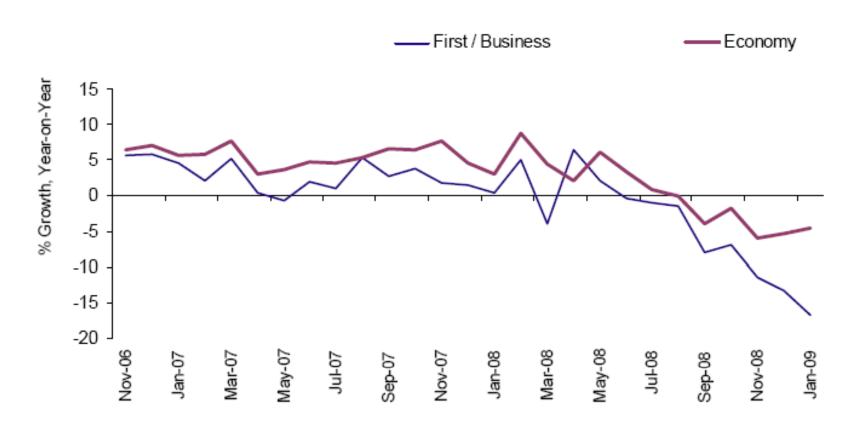


IATA Passenger Forecast to 2016



Business Traffic declines more

Passenger Traffic Growth by Ticket Type



Source: IATA Premium Traffic Monitor, January 2009

Impact on Airlines more than on Airports

- Particular decline in business traffic:
 - (Negative) market growth effect:
 - Trade (business segment) declines more than GDP (leisure segment)
 - Market substitution effect:
 - From first/business class to economy class
 - From legacy carriers to low cost carriers
- For airlines: additional yield erosion on top of general decline in traffic volume
- Legacy carriers suffer most..., LCC's and airports less.

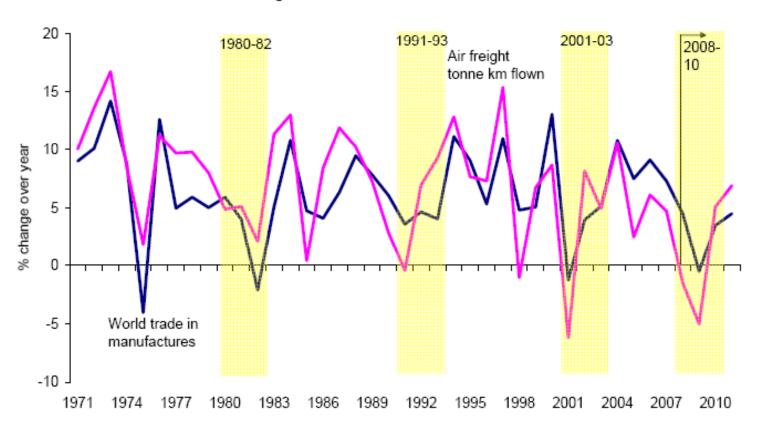
Recent Trends in Cargo Traffic



Source: IATA Monthly Traffic Analysis, February 2009

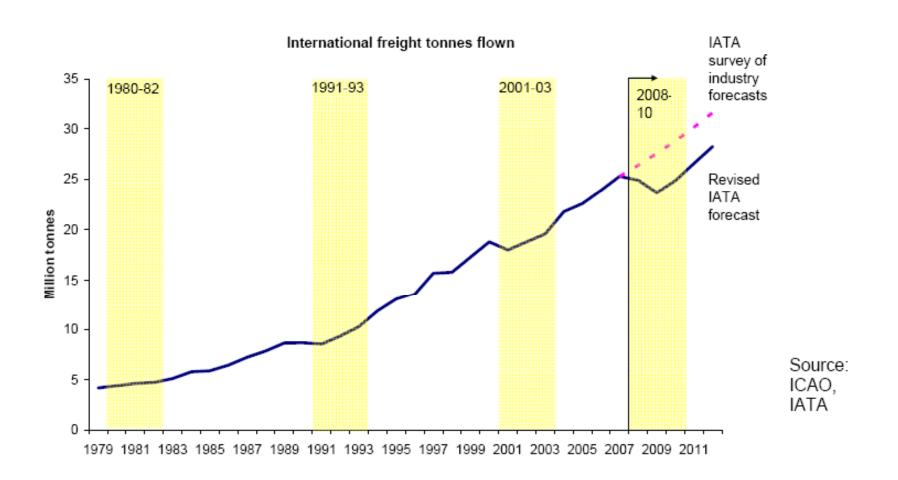
Main Driver in Cargo Traffic Fluctuations: Trade

Global air freight tonne kilometers flown and world trade

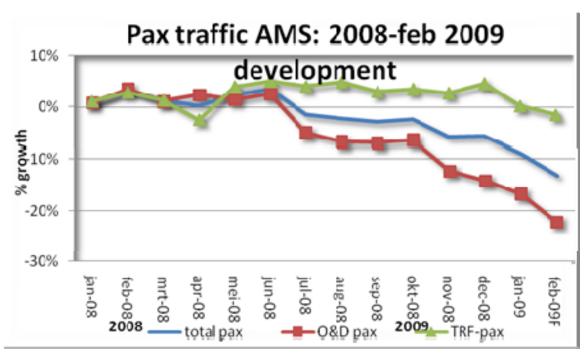


Source: ICAO, EIU, IATA

IATA Cargo Forecast to 2012



Recent Trends of Passenger Traffic Schiphol



Source: Schiphol Group

- Particular decline in OD- traffic, followed by decline in transfer segment
- Ticket-tax by 1 July 2008 (€11.25 on short haul and €45 on long haul trips) has major effect here

Forecast Amsterdam Schiphol 2008 - 2010

	2008	incl. ticket-tax % p.a. 2010		
PASSENGERS (* mln)	47,4	-4,4	43,3	
OD-passengers Transfer passengers	27,1 20,3	-6,4 -1,8	23,8 19,6	
Share transfer (%)	43%	2,7	45%	
CARGO (*mln tons)	1,568	-7,8	1,334	
AIRCRAFT MOVEMENTS (*000)	428,3	-4,3	392,0	
Passenger Aircraft Movements Cargo Aircraft Movements	412,9 15,4	-4,2 -8,8	379,2 12,8	

Source: SEO Economic Research: March 2009

Forecast Amsterdam Schiphol 2008 - 2010

	2008	incl. tick % p.a.	et-tax 2010	after abo ticket-ta: % p.a.	lishment x 2010
PASSENGERS (* mln)	47,4	-4,4	43,3	-1,2	46,3
OD-passengers Transfer passengers	27,1 20,3	-6,4 -1,8	23,8 19,6	-0,7 -1,8	26,7 19,6
Share transfer (%)	43%	2,7	45%	-0,6	42%
CARGO (*mln tons)	1,568	-7,8	1,334	-7,8	1,334
AIRCRAFT MOVEMENTS (*000)	428,3	-4,3	392,0	-1,0	420,2
Passenger Aircraft Movements Cargo Aircraft Movements	412,9 15,4	-4,2 -8,8	379,2 12,8	-0,7 -9,1	407,4 12,8

Source: SEO Economic Research: April 2009

Preliminary Conclusions

- Strong downturn in aviation between 2008 and 2010
 - Cargo and Business Traffic affected in particular
 - Airlines more affected than airports
- Recovery expected if economy picks up
- However, new challenges expected after 2011.....

New Challenges

- Fuel Costs may rise again if demand picks up...
 - Limited investments in oil production capacity
 - Limited contribution of innovation in fuel efficiency
 - Innovation may nevertheless be driven by ETS in 2012
 - Additional negative demand effects from ETS
- Significant overcapacity expected in passenger seat capacity
 - More than 100 new aircraft for low cost carriers in Europe in years to come
 - Pressure on airfares, also in 'legacy carrier' segment
 - Continuing process of consolidations....?