

Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment

New values of time and reliability for project assessment of airport infrastructure

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New values

- Based on empirical research in The Netherlands, carried out by a consortium led by Significance, KiM has determined new values for the following transport modes:
 - Passenger transport: car, bus, tram, metro, train, airplane, and recreational navigation
 - Freight transport: road, rail, inland waterways, sea and air
- Why new values?
 - Update of older values necessary: travel behavior changes over time
 - Passenger transport: last empirical study conducted in 1997
 - Freight transport: last empirical study conducted in 2004
- Reliability: for the first time values based on empirical research
 - Replace old expert meeting based values
- Passenger air transport: also for the first time values determined through empirical research



The values linked to the travel time distribution





How are the values determined?

- Stated-preference surveys
 - New approach data analysis for passenger transport
 - VoTs for passenger transport are based on so called Panel Latent Class models
 - For all technical details see Significance et al., 2012
- Two alternatives
 - Trip A Trip B
 - Transport A Transport B
- Four attributes
 - Travel time
 - Travel costs
 - Reliability
 - Arrival time



Three SP experiments

- Freight related to an observed typical transport
- Experiment 1 is the same as the earlier "Value of Time studies" (passengers in 1988 and 1997; freight in 2004)

Attribute	Experiment 1	Experiment 2a	Experiment 2b
Travel time	Х	Х	Х
Travel cost	Х	Х	Х
Reliability		Х	Х
Arrival time		X	



Example of an SP choice alternative (experiment 2a, b)

Trip A		Trip B			
Departure time:		Departure time:			
08:05 h		08:05 h			
You have an equal chance of the following		You have an equal chance of the following			
five travel times and therefore of		five travel times and therefore of			
arriving at any of the following times:		arriving at any of the following times:			
Travel time 55 min 65 min 65 min 95 min 145 min Usual t	 → → → → → ravel time: € 2,30 	Arrival time 09:00 09:10 09:10 09:40 10:30 55 min	Travel timeArrival time50 min \rightarrow 08:5560 min \rightarrow 09:0560 min \rightarrow 09:0590 min \rightarrow 09:35140 min \rightarrow 10:25Usual travel time: 60 minCosts: € 7 80		Arrival time 08:55 09:05 09:05 09:35 10:25 60 min



Data collection

- Passenger transport
 - Internet survey
 - Within on-line panel: 5,700 interviews (air passengers: 530)
 - Outside on-line panel: 1,400 interviews (air passengers: 200)
- Freight transport
 - CAPI (computer assisted personal interviews)
 - 800 interviews (air freight: 60)



Results for VoT and VoR: Air passengers

Airplane (Euro/hour p. person, market prices, price level 2010			
Trip Purpose	VoT	VoR	RR
Business	85.75	56.00	0.7
Non-business	47.00	30.75	0.7
Average (*)	51.75	33.75	0.7

- VoT and VoR about total air trip including transfers, if any
- (*) weights of trip purposes are based on the minutes travelled in the base case of the stated preference survey



Results for VoT and VoR: Air freight

Air (in Euro/hour p. airplane, market prices, price level 2010)			
VoT	VoR		
14,950 (TR=0.72->1)	1,840 (RR= 0.12)		

- VoT and VoR about total air trip including transfers, if any
- TR= Trade-off Ratio
- VoT= TR * factor costs
- When an infrastructure project is completed, TR grows linearly to 1 over a 10-year period



Differences between old and new VoTs (1)

Air passengers (Euro/hour p. person, market prices, price level 2010)			
Trip Purpose	Old (@)	New	Difference
Business	52.00	85.75	+65%
Non-business	24.00	47.00	+96%
Average	33.24 (*)	51.75 (**)	+86%

- (@) model computation, not based on empirical data
- (*) weighting based on division trip purposes expressed as number air passengers in Schiphol survey 2010
- (**) weights of trip purposes are based on the minutes travelled in the base case of the stated preference survey



Differences between old and new VoTs (2)

Air freight (trade-off ratios average transport)			
Mode	Old	New	Difference
Air	1	0.72 -> 1	- 7%

- VoT= TR * factor costs
- When an infrastructure project is completed, TR grows linearly to 1 over a 10-year period
- Difference is calculated based on this growth, a net present value calculation over 100 years, and a discount rate of 5.5%



Discussion issues related to the presented research

- In the future, reliability of travel times will attract more attention due to ICT developments
- Valuation method must be matched with the forecasting volumes resulting from air transport models
- Reliability should be included in traffic forecasting tools
 - Insight into behavioral responses of air passengers, air freight shippers and air freight carriers on changes in travel time reliability is needed



The research report

- The new social values of shorter and more reliable travel times for all transport modes and all technical details of the research (Significance et al., 2012) can be found on:
 - <u>http://www.kimnet.nl/en/publication/social-value-shorter-and-</u> <u>more-reliable-travel-times</u>